

Form	20mg dantrolene powder for solution for injection
Reconstitution	 Add 60mL sterile water for injection and shake until solution dissolved Using the filter device provided, draw up the reconstituted solution into a syringe Remove the filter device before attaching the syringe to an IV
	cannula or giving set
Compatibility & Stability	No further dilution permitted
Administration	Use a new filtration device with every vial of Dantrium® IV. Administer Dantrium® IV immediately upon filtration.
	Bolus intravenous injection
	Management of malignant hyperthermia crisis, or neuroleptic malignant syndrome (unlicensed)
	 Administer an initial dose: 2.5 mg/kg body weight intravenously (9 vials for a 70 kg adult).
	 If there is no response after 5 minutes repeat a dose of 1 mg/kg. Further doses can be given every 5 minutes to a maximum of 10 mg/kg in 24 hours.
	 The required dose to be given as a bolus intravenous injection Bolus injections may be administered rapidly (over at least one minute)
Monitoring	Monitor blood pressure, respiratory rate, pulse, temperature, pH, pCO ₂ , K ⁺
Extravasation	Dantrolene sodium has a high pH and may cause venous irritation and tissue damage in cases of extravasation. If a central venous access device is unavailable, administer via a large peripheral vein monitoring insertion site closely using a recognised phlebitis scoring tool. Re-site cannula at first signs of inflammation
Additional	For a 70kg patient, if a cumulative dose of 10mg/kg is needed this
Information	 will amount to approximately 36 vials Due to the potential for undissolved crystals/particles to appear in the re-constituted product and the subsequent potential risk of exacerbation of injection site reactions/tissue necrosis from crystals within affected vials, use of the filtration device when drawing up the solution is required at all times. Each vial of Dantrium IV contains 3g mannitol (for adjustment of isotonic solutions). This amount should be considered if mannitol is used to prevent and treat renal complications related to malignant hyperthermia. Caution should be exercised if hyperkalaemia symptoms occur (muscular paralysis, ECG changes, bradycardic arrhythmias) or in cases of pre-existing hyperkalaemia (renal insufficiency, digitalis intoxication etc.), as an increase in serum potassium has been demonstrated in animal trials as a result of dantrolene.
	• Liver damage may occur during dantrolene therapy. This is dependent on the dosage and duration of therapy and may run a lethal course.
	Stock kept in ED Antidote press, Theatres, MH Theatre

Dantrolene

Information provided relates to Dantrium[®] manufactured by Norgine pharmaceuticals.

This information has been summarised to act as a guide for those administering IV medication. The monograph should be used in conjunction with the drug data sheet and BNF for information on dose, adverse effects, cautions and contra-indications. Further information is available from Pharmacy on 22146 or 22542