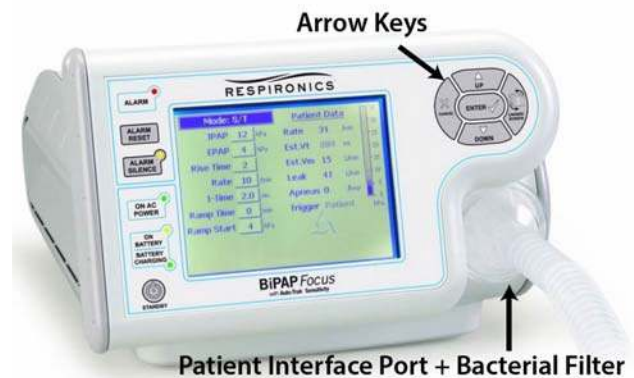


BiPAP Focus

Equipment Required

- Bacterial Filter
- Circuit tubing (BiPAP disposable circuit)
- Exhalation Port
- Face Mask



Circuit Set-up

- Connect Bacterial filter to the patient interface port.
- Connect Circuit tubing to the Bacterial filter with exhalation port at the patient end.
- Attach face mask to exhalation port.

Where to Place the BiPAP Focus

- The BiPAP Focus is mounted on a movable stand and should stay on this stand throughout treatment.
- Connect the power lead to the mains power connector on the rear panel. Plug into the mains power supply.

Starting the Focus (Refer to Providers Manual)

1. To Switch on press the on/off button. (Ensure that back panel on/off switch is on)
2. Use the arrow keys to highlight the desired Mode (Spontaneous timed) and press enter to select
3. Use the arrow keys to select and set the desired IPAP as decided by the medical team/anesthetist/physiotherapist.

CAUTION: Avoid starting off with the pressure too high. Start with a low pressure to avoid distressing the patient.

4. Use the arrow keys to select and set the desired EPAP as discussed with the medical team/anesthetist.
5. Use the arrow keys to select the desired back up rate. Ensure that this is at least breaths per minute less than the patient's current respiratory rate.
6. The patient may now hold the mask to the face.
7. Allow the patient to get used to the mask. Then gradually increase the IPAP setting until the patient feels comfortable and is being ventilated efficiently. 10 to 20cm H₂O will suit most patients.
8. Once patient comfortable strap the mask/headset to the patient.
9. Set an appropriate Rise Time. The Rise Time is dependent on the patient's respiratory rate. Set a lower rise time for tachypnoeic patients of 1 or 2. For patients with a normal respiratory rate set a rise time of 2 or 3. The rise time needs to be low enough to allow the IPAP to be delivered.
10. Make sure that no air is leaking from the mask into the patients eyes. If it is, adjust the mask and headgear until air stops leaking. See the instructions supplied with the mask.
11. Provide reassurance to the patient.

NOTE: A small amount of mask leak is normal and acceptable. Large mask leaks or eye irritation from an air leak should be corrected as soon as possible.