Cork University Hospital Liaison Psychiatry & Emergency Department (CDU)

GUIDELINE FOR SYMPTOM-TRIGGERED / FRONT-LOADING ALCOHOL DETOXIFICATION USING THE CIWA-A SCALE AND DIAZEPAM

This method of detoxification is an alternative to the fixed dose treatment strategy in standard use currently. It is of potential benefit as duration of detoxification is reduced although there is a requirement for more monitoring of withdrawal symptoms.

It may be used in selected alcohol-dependent adult patients for the treatment of withdrawal in CDU only.

Patients with dependency on other drugs in addition to alcohol *are not* suitable for this treatment. Nor are patients with severe liver impairment or other major physical illness. Other patients with alcohol dependency including those with a history of previous alcohol-withdrawal seizures or delirium tremens *are* suitable for this treatment in CDU.

1. When to use the CIWA-A scale

The CIWA-A is a standardised assessment scale for symptoms of alcohol withdrawal. The scale should be administered when the client's history indicates a likelihood of withdrawal reaction - large amounts of alcohol over a long period of time, history of withdrawal symptoms, last drink within the past 12 hours. If such a history not evident, observe informally until symptoms occur as not all people develop withdrawal symptoms.

2. How to use the CIWA-A scale

Take the scale with you when assessing the patient. Ask each question as it appears on the CIWA-A and assign a score to each item. Speak slowly and clearly and reword questions, if necessary. Do not verbally contradict what the client tells you.

Take the vital signs. These are not factored into the overall scoring but they provide important clinical information. Slight elevation of these signs is common.

Adjust the score based on the subjective and objective signs and symptoms. Add up the number of points and assign total score.

3. What to do next

- If CIWA-A score >10, give diazepam 20mg po stat.
- If the CIWA-A score is </= 10 give no medication.
- After 90 minutes, reassess symptoms of withdrawal, using the CIWA-A again (as above) and if CIWA-A score >10 give diazepam 20mg po stat
- Repeat the above process every 90 minutes until CIWA-A score < 10 on 2 consecutive occasions
- Continue then to monitor informally to ensure there is no re-emergence of symptoms

4. What to expect

Expect that a large minority may not require diazepam at all as CIWA-A score <10 from the outset. Expect a mean duration of detoxification of @ 8 hours.

<u>APPENDIX 2: CIWA-Ar SCALE</u> (CLINICAL INSTITUTE WITHDRAWAL ASSESSMENT FOR ALCOHOL)

NAUSEA & VOMITING: Ask "Do you feel sick to your stomach? Have you vomited?" Observation.					TACTILE DISTURBANCES: Ask: "have you any itching, pins and needles sensations, any burning, any numbness or do you feel bugs crawling on or under your skin?" Observation.						
0 1 2 3 4 5 6	intermittent nausea with dry heaves				0 none 1 very mild itching, pins and needles, burning or numbness. 2 mild itching, pins and needles, burning or numbness. 3 moderate pins and needles, burning or numbness. 4 moderately severe hallucinations. 5 severe hallucinations. 6 extremely severe hallucinations. 7 continuous hallucinations.						
7	constant nausea, frequent dry heaves & vomiting										
Sco	EMOR:.	Score	Score	Score	AT	IDITORV DIS	TURRANC	FÇ.			
0 0 1	no tremor not visible, but can be felt fingertip to fingertip				AUDITORY DISTURBANCES: Ask: "Are you more aware of sounds around you? Are they harsh? Do they frighten you? Are you hearing anything that is disturbing you? Are you hearing things you know are not there?" Observation. 0 not present 1 very mild harshness or ability to frighten 2 mild harshness or ability to frighten 3 moderate harshness or ability to frighten 4 moderately severe hallucinations 5 severe hallucinations 6 extremely severe hallucinations. 7 continuous hallucinations						
2 3 4 5 6 7	moderate, with patient's arms extended severe, even with arms not extended										
,	series, even with arms not extended										
PAROXYSMAL SWEATS Observation. 0 no sweat visible						VISUAL DISTURBANCES: Ask: "Does the light appear to be too bright? Is its colour different? Does it hurt your eyes? Are you seeing anything that is disturbing to you? Are you seeing things you know are not there?" Observation.					
1	barely perceptible sweating, palms moist					0 not present					
2 3 4 5	beads of sweat obvious on forehead				1 very mild sensitivity 2 mild sensitivity 3 moderate sensitivity 4 moderately severe hallucinations 5 severe hallucinations 6 extremely severe hallucinations. 7 continuous hallucinations						
6 7	drenching sweats										
ANXIETY: Ask: "Do you feel nervous?" Observation.						HEADACHE, FULLNESS IN HEAD: Ask: "Does your head feel different? Does it feel like there is a band around your head?" Do not rate for dizziness or lightheadedness.					
0 1 2 3	no anxiety, at ease. mildly anxious				0 1 2						
4 5 6	moderately anxious, or guarded, so anxiety is inferred.				3 4 5	moderate moderately se severe	evere				
7	equivalent to acute panic as seen in severe delirium or acute schizophrenic reactions				6 7	very severe extremely sev	vere				
4.0	TTATION				OT	TENE A TRION	e croup	NIC OF	SENGODHIM		
AGITATION: Observation.						KIENTATION k: "What day is	this? Where	e are you	SENSORIUM: ? Who am I?"		
0 normal activity 1 somewhat more than normal activity 2 3						oriented and can do serial additions. cannot do serial additions or is uncertain about date disoriented for date by no more than 2 calendar days disoriented for date by more than 2 calendar days.					
3 4 5 6	moderately fidgety and restless			4	disoriented fo	or place and/o	or person				
7 c	paces back and forth during most of interview, or constantly thrashes about										
Time:		Total S	core	(Temp):	B	SP: H	IR:	_ Resps:	Initials:		
Time:		Total S	Total Score (Temp):		B	P: H	IR:	_ Resps:	Initials:		
Time:		Total S	core	(Temp):	B	P: H	IR:	_ Resps:	Initials:		
Time:		Total S	core	(Temp):	B	5P: F	IR:	_Resps:	Initials:		